



March 19, 2021

To the Honorable Mayor,  
Members of the City Council  
and management  
City of Piney Point Village, Texas

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Piney Point Village, Texas (the "City"), for the year ended December 31, 2020, and have issued our report thereon dated March 19, 2021. Professional standards require that we advise you of the following matters relating to our audit.

#### **Our Responsibility under Government Auditing Standards**

As communicated in our engagement letter dated Jun 26, 2020, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to plan and perform our audit to form and express an opinion about whether the financial statements that have been prepared by management with your oversight are presented fairly, in all material respects, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your respective responsibilities.

Our responsibility, as prescribed by professional standards, is to plan and perform our audit to obtain reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit of financial statements includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, as part of our audit, we considered the internal control of City of Piney Point Village, Texas solely for the purpose of determining our audit procedures and not to provide any assurance concerning such internal control.

We are also responsible for communicating significant matters related to the audit that are, in our professional judgment, relevant to your responsibilities in overseeing the financial reporting process. However, we are not required to design procedures for the purpose of identifying other matters to communicate to you.

We have provided our findings regarding significant control deficiencies over financial reporting and material weaknesses, and other matters noted during our audit in a separate letter to you dated March 19, 2021.

### **Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit**

We conducted our audit consistent with the planned scope and timing we previously communicated to you.

### **Compliance with All Ethics Requirements Regarding Independence**

The engagement team, others in our firm, as appropriate, our firm, and our network firms have complied with all relevant ethical requirements regarding independence.

Our firm and staff do not have any existing relationships, conflicts of interest, or other conditions or circumstances that would impair our independence with the City under U.S. GAAS or *Government Auditing Standards*.

For any nonattest service provided by our firm management maintained responsibility for (a) making all management decisions and performing all management functions; (b) assigning a competent individual to oversee the services; (c) evaluating the adequacy of the services performed; (d) evaluating and accepting responsibility for the results of the services performed; and (e) establishing and maintaining internal controls, including monitoring ongoing activities.

### **Qualitative Aspects of the Entity's Significant Accounting Practices**

#### *Significant Accounting Policies*

Management has the responsibility to select and use appropriate accounting policies. A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by the City is included in Note I to the financial statements. No matters have come to our attention that would require us, under professional standards, to inform you about (1) the methods used to account for significant unusual transactions and (2) the effect of significant accounting policies in controversial or emerging areas for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus.

#### *Significant Accounting Estimates*

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's current judgments. Those judgments are normally based on knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive

because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ markedly from management's current judgments.

The most sensitive accounting estimates affecting the financial statements are:

Management's estimate of the useful lives of capital assets is based on industry standards relating to capital assets. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the estimate and determined that it is reasonable in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole and in relation to the applicable opinion units.

#### *Financial Statement Disclosures*

Certain financial statement disclosures involve significant judgment and are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosures affecting City of Piney Point Village's financial statements relate to long-term debt.

#### **Significant Difficulties Encountered during the Audit**

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management relating to the performance of the audit.

#### **Uncorrected and Corrected Misstatements**

For purposes of this communication, professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that we believe are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. We noted no such misstatements whose effects, as determined by management, are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole and each applicable opinion unit.

In addition, professional standards require us to communicate to you all material, corrected misstatements that were brought to the attention of management as a result of our audit procedures. Management has corrected all material misstatements. See EXHIBIT 1 for a list of corrected misstatements.

#### **Disagreements with Management**

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, concerning a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, which could be significant to City of Piney Point Village's financial statements or the auditor's report. No such disagreements arose during the course of the audit.

### **Representations Requested from Management**

We have requested certain written representations from management, which are included in the attached letter dated March 19, 2021.

### **Management's Consultations with Other Accountants**

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters. Management informed us that, and to our knowledge, there were no consultations with other accountants regarding auditing and accounting matters.

### **Modification of the Auditor's Report**

Our audit opinion includes an emphasis-of-a-matter paragraph. As discussed in Note V.F to the financial statements, there was a restatement of beginning net position within governmental type activities due to the change in deferred inflows. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

### **Other Significant Findings or Issues**

In the normal course of our professional association with City of Piney Point Village, we generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, operating and regulatory conditions affecting the entity, and operational plans and strategies that may affect the risks of material misstatement. None of the matters discussed resulted in a condition to our retention as City of Piney Point Village's auditors.

### **Other Information in Documents Containing Audited Financial Statements (*if applicable*)**

Pursuant to professional standards, our responsibility as auditors for other information in documents containing the City of Piney Point Village's audited financial statements does not extend beyond the financial information identified in the audit report, and we are not required to perform any procedures to corroborate such other information.

Our responsibility also includes communicating to you any information which we believe is a material misstatement of fact. Nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that such information, or its manner of presentation, is materially inconsistent with the information, or manner of its presentation, appearing in the financial statements.

Auditor's Communication with Governance  
City of Piney Point Village, Texas

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council and management of City of Piney Point Village and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Brooks Watson & Co." in a cursive, flowing script.

BrooksWatson & Co. PLLC

Houston, Texas

## EXHIBIT 1

### Corrected Misstatements

| Account   | Description                    | Debit               | Credit              |
|---|--------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| <b>Adjusting Journal Entries JE # 1</b>   |                                |                     |                     |
| To adjust fund balance to roll from PY  |                                |                     |                     |
| 10-3003   | Fund Balance                   | 55,909.40           |                     |
| 40-2300   | Construction Retainage Payable | 120,074.15          |                     |
| 10-2001   | Accounts Payable               |                     | 36,227.21           |
| 10-2601   | Construction Retainage Payable |                     | 19,682.19           |
| 40-3000   | Fund Balance                   |                     | 120,074.15          |
| <b>Total</b>  |                                | <b>175,983.55</b>   | <b>175,983.55</b>   |
| <b>Adjusting Journal Entries JE # 2</b>   |                                |                     |                     |
| To restate for unprocessed invoices improperly accrued for in PY                |                                |                     |                     |
| 10-2001   | Accounts Payable               | 43,800.21           |                     |
| 10-3003   | Fund Balance                   |                     | 43,800.21           |
| <b>Total</b>  |                                | <b>43,800.21</b>    | <b>43,800.21</b>    |
| <b>Adjusting Journal Entries JE # 3</b>   |                                |                     |                     |
| To correct bond principal and interest payments                                 |                                |                     |                     |
| 20-500-5820   | Interest Expense for Bonds     | 99,475.00           |                     |
| 20-500-5821   | Bond Principal Payments        | 1,320,000.00        |                     |
| 20-2001   | Accounts Payable               |                     | 1,419,475.00        |
| <b>Total</b>  |                                | <b>1,419,475.00</b> | <b>1,419,475.00</b> |
| <b>Adjusting Journal Entries JE # 4</b>   |                                |                     |                     |
| To true up accrued wages for FY 20  |                                |                     |                     |
| 10-540-5301   | Gross Wages                    | 7,272.16            |                     |
| 10-2500   | Accrued Wages                  |                     | 7,272.16            |
| <b>Total</b>  |                                | <b>7,272.16</b>     | <b>7,272.16</b>     |
| <b>Adjusting Journal Entries JE # 5</b>   |                                |                     |                     |
| To record transfer of capital funds to general fund per ordinance 2020.03.22.10 |                                |                     |                     |
| 10-1100   | Claim on Cash                  | 26,937.47           |                     |
| 40-4850   | Transfer Out                   | 26,937.47           |                     |
| 10-4850   | Transfer In                    |                     | 26,937.47           |
| 40-1100   | Claim on Cash                  |                     | 26,937.47           |
| <b>Total</b>  |                                | <b>53,874.94</b>    | <b>53,874.94</b>    |
| <b>Adjusting Journal Entries JE # 6</b>   |                                |                     |                     |
| BWC noted the below invoice should not have been accrued for as of 12/31/20.    |                                |                     |                     |
| 10-2001   | Accounts Payable               | 7,573.00            |                     |
| 10-560-5506   | Right-of-Way Mowing            |                     | 7,573.00            |
| <b>Total</b>  |                                | <b>7,573.00</b>     | <b>7,573.00</b>     |

Auditor's Communication with Governance  
City of Piney Point Village, Texas

**Adjusting Journal Entries JE # 7**

To adjust prop tax receivables and deferred/unearned revenue

|               |                                    |                     |                     |
|---------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| 10-1203       | Property Tax receivable-PY         | 48,638.75           |                     |
| 10-1204       | Property Tax Receivable-CY         | 226,604.17          |                     |
| 10-2109 audit | Due from other fund                | 348,914.48          |                     |
| 10-4101       | Property Tax Revenue (M&O Portion) | 1,683,752.79        |                     |
| 20-1200       | Property Tax Receivable-PY         | 10,671.69           |                     |
| 20-2701       | Unearned Revenue-Property Tax      | 148,823.27          |                     |
| 20-4101       | Property Tax Revenue               | 390,317.75          |                     |
| 10-1108       | Cash with Agent                    |                     | 488,574.18          |
| 10-2130       | Deferred Revenue-Property Tax      |                     | 1,784,743.62        |
| 10-2704       | Unearned Revenue-CY Prop Taxes     |                     | 34,592.39           |
| 20-1108       | Cash with Agent                    |                     | 144,914.14          |
| 20-1201       | Property Tax Receivable-CY         |                     | 42,918.40           |
| 20-1300       | Due to/From General Fund           |                     | 348,914.48          |
| 20-2130       | Deferred Revenue-Property Tax      |                     | 13,065.69           |
| <b>Total</b>  |                                    | <b>2,857,722.90</b> | <b>2,857,722.90</b> |

**Adjusting Journal Entries JE # 8**

To true up retainage payable as of year-end

|              |  |                   |                   |
|--------------|--|-------------------|-------------------|
| 10-570-5640  | Surrey Oaks                              | 63,076.95         |                   |
| 10-570-5806  | Drainage and Sidewalks                   | 71,423.13         |                   |
| 10-2601      | Construction Retainage Payable           |                   | 63,076.95         |
| 10-2602      | Construction Retainage Payable- Beinhorn |                   | 71,423.13         |
| <b>Total</b> |  | <b>134,500.08</b> | <b>134,500.08</b> |

**Adjusting Journal Entries JE # 9**

To removed settlement to Hayden paving that was paid and accrued for in PY

|              |                             |                   |                   |
|--------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 40-2200      | Deferred Revenue            | 286,000.00        |                   |
| 40-500-5670  | N. Piney Point Road Project |                   | 286,000.00        |
| <b>Total</b> |                             | <b>286,000.00</b> | <b>286,000.00</b> |

**Adjusting Journal Entries JE # 10**

To correct accounting of employer taxes incorrectly reported as part of wages.

|              |                    |                  |                  |
|--------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 10-540-5306  | FICA/Medicare/FUTA | 21,612.80        |                  |
| 10-540-5301  | Gross Wages        |                  | 21,612.80        |
| <b>Total</b> |                    | <b>21,612.80</b> | <b>21,612.80</b> |

**Adjusting Journal Entries JE # 11**

To correct gross wages and accrued liability accounts for benefits that were improperly accounted by third party firm.

|              |                            |                  |                  |
|--------------|----------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 10-540-5301  | Gross Wages                | 21,784.30        |                  |
| 10-2052      | Employee Insurance Payable |                  | 10,933.45        |
| 10-2062      | TMRS Payable               |                  | 10,850.85        |
| <b>Total</b> |                            | <b>21,784.30</b> | <b>21,784.30</b> |

**Adjusting Journal Entries JE # 12**

To correct entry made by 3rd party firm for Metro fund close out

|              |                      |                   |                   |
|--------------|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 10-4800      | Miscellaneous Income | 68,671.93         |                   |
| 50-4850      | Transfer In          | 68,671.93         |                   |
| 10-4850      | Transfer In          |                   | 68,671.93         |
| 50-4400      | Interest             |                   | 68,671.93         |
| <b>Total</b> |                      | <b>137,343.86</b> | <b>137,343.86</b> |

Auditor's Communication with Governance  
City of Piney Point Village, Texas

**Adjusting Journal Entries JE # 13**

Below items should have been accrued for as of 12/31/20.

|              |                        |                  |                  |
|--------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 10-510-5020  | Miscellaneous          | 9,405.00         |                  |
| 10-570-5606  | Road/Drainage Projects | 7,694.89         |                  |
| 10-2001      | Accounts Payable       |                  | 17,099.89        |
| <b>Total</b> |                        | <b>17,099.89</b> | <b>17,099.89</b> |

**Adjusting Journal Entries JE # 15**

To true up current year revenues and receivables for franchise taxes.

|              |                                     |                  |                  |
|--------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 10-4602      | Franchise Fees/Cable Communications | 19,102.40        |                  |
| 10-4607      | Franchise Fees/Telephone            | 6,691.70         |                  |
| 10-1205      | Other Receivables                   |                  | 5,343.27         |
| 10-2131      | Other Deferred Revenue              |                  | 20,450.83        |
| <b>Total</b> |                                     | <b>25,794.10</b> | <b>25,794.10</b> |

**Adjusting Journal Entries JE # 16**

To correct allocation of court fines and fees recognized as revenue and that due to the state comptroller as of year end.

|              |                                |                 |                 |
|--------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 10-2106      | Due To-State Comptroller       | 8,994.29        |                 |
| 10-4300      | Municipal Court Net Fees/Fines |                 | 8,994.29        |
| <b>Total</b> |                                | <b>8,994.29</b> | <b>8,994.29</b> |

**Adjusting Journal Entries JE # 17**

To reverse entry 3553 in fund 99. (Entry 3554 was booked by the City to reverse this entry, but only reverse the fund 10 portion of entry 3553.)

|              |                    |                     |                     |
|--------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| 99-2190      | Due to Other Funds | 1,000,000.00        |                     |
| 99-1101      | Cash               |                     | 1,000,000.00        |
| <b>Total</b> |                    | <b>1,000,000.00</b> | <b>1,000,000.00</b> |

**Adjusting Journal Entries JE # 18**

To reverse prepaid alarm fees from prior year.

|              |                                      |                  |                  |
|--------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 10-2702      | Deferred Revenue-Alarm Fees          | 22,500.00        |                  |
| 10-4508      | Security Alarm Systems Registrations |                  | 22,500.00        |
| <b>Total</b> |                                      | <b>22,500.00</b> | <b>22,500.00</b> |





March 19, 2021

To the City Council and Management  
City of Piney Point Village, Texas

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the City of Piney Point Village, Texas (the "City"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain matters involving the internal control and other operational matters that are presented for your consideration. This letter does not affect our report dated March 19, 2021 on the financial statements of the City. We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. Our comments and recommendations, all of which have been discussed with appropriate members of management, are intended to improve the internal control or result in other operating efficiencies. We will be pleased to discuss these comments in further detail at your convenience, perform any additional study of these matters, or assist you in implementing the recommendations. Our comments are summarized as follows:

## 1. GENERAL ACCOUNTING AND ACCOUNTING CLOSE PROCESSES

### **Finding**

Management is responsible for its closing process and assuring the yearend trial balance is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles "GAAP". As a part of our audit we encountered several accounts that required adjustment to be consistent with GAAP. These adjustments are listed in the audit communication letter provided to the Council.

### **Recommendation**

Management should evaluate errors and determine extent of any necessary improvements in processes to implement.

## 2. BANK RECONCILIATION

### **Finding**

Reconciling items within the bank reconciliation were recorded in error causing the book balance per the bank reconciliation not to match the bank balance per the trial balance.

### **Recommendation**

The City should review the reconciliations completed by the third party accountant to ensure there are no discrepancies between the reconciliation and the trial balance, and should research any noted items in order to resolve the discrepancies.

Other matters are any additional noteworthy items that are unrelated to internal control such as compliance with laws and regulations. We noted other matters involving the internal control and its operation as follows:

## 3. DEFICIT POOLED CASH BALANCES

### **Finding**

The City has 5 accounts that make up the City's pooled cash. Of these 5 accounts 1 contained a negative account balance, effectively receiving a loan from another fund.

**Recommendation**

The City should ensure that each fund does not have a deficit cash balance by replenishing the pooled cash account with unrestricted funds available within the corresponding fund, or by approving a transfer from another fund.

**4. PERMITS**

**Finding**

The City is still using the value of a remodel when determining the permit fee. House Bill 852 prohibits this practice for residential structures or improvements.

**Recommendation**

The City should review the adopted permit fees and ensure that residential structures and improvements are consistent with House Bill 852.

**5. OLD RECONCILING ITEMS**

**Finding**

Various old immaterial reconciling items were identified when examining bank reconciliations.

**Recommendation**

The City should consider addressing the old balances (i.e. writing them off, escheating them, etc.)

The following are additional noteworthy items concerning recent laws, regulations or accounting pronouncements that may impact the City's operations and procedures:

**1. Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases* (GASB-87)**

GASB-87 was postponed by GASB 95 due to COVID-19 and is now effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. GASB-87 will replace the current operating and capital lease categories with a single model for lease accounting based on the concept that leases are a means to finance the right to use an asset. Under the new rules, the City will recognize a lease liability and an intangible asset for all noncancelable leases greater than one year while the lessor will recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The intangible asset will have similar characteristics to other capital assets and may be amortized depending on various provisions of the asset (or the lease) and if need be, may be impaired.

The accounting for a lessor is complimentary. A lease receivable is established at contract inception equal to the present value of the expected payments over the lease

Auditor's Communication of Significant Deficiencies and Material Weaknesses  
City of Piney Point Village, Texas

term. As payments are received the lease receivable is reduced and interest revenue is recognized. A deferred inflow is recorded equal to the lease receivable and any payments that are made at the beginning of the lease.

The initial application of this accounting standard will require substantial evaluation and will result in additional accounting and reporting requirements.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council and management, and others within the City, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Brooks Watson & Co." in a cursive, flowing script.

BrooksWatson & Co., PLLC

Houston, Texas

# ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT 2020

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED  
DECEMBER 31, 2020



**CITY OF PINEY POINT VILLAGE, TEXAS**

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***ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT***

**of the**

**City of Piney Point Village, Texas**

**For the Year Ended  
December 31, 2020**

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# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

December 31, 2020

### **FINANCIAL SECTION**

|                                      |   |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Independent Auditor's Report         | 1 |
| Management's Discussion and Analysis | 5 |

### **Basic Financial Statements**

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

|                           |    |
|---------------------------|----|
| Statement of Net Position | 18 |
| Statement of Activities   | 20 |

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

|  |    |
|--|----|
| Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds   | 22 |
| Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position-<br>Governmental Funds  | 25 |
| Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-<br>Governmental Funds  | 26 |
| Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and<br>Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement<br>of Activities | 29 |

|                                   |    |
|-----------------------------------|----|
| Notes to the Financial Statements | 31 |
|-----------------------------------|----|

### **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

|   |    |
|---|----|
| Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-<br>Budget and Actual - General Fund | 65 |
| Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios                                       | 66 |
| Schedule of Employer Contributions to Pension Plan  | 68 |
| Schedule of OPEB Liability and Related Ratios   | 71 |

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## *INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT*

To the Honorable Mayor and  
Members of the City Council  
City of Piney Point Village, Texas:

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Piney Point Village, Texas (the "City"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### *Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements*

The City's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### *Auditor's Responsibility*

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### *Opinion*

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### *Emphasis of Matter*

As discussed in Note V.G. to the financial statements, the City restated its beginning fund balance and net position within governmental activities to correct accounts payable and change the reporting of nonmajor funds. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

### *Other Matters*

#### *Required Supplementary Information*

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the general fund budgetary comparison information, the schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios, the schedule of employer contributions to pension plan, and schedule of changes in the other postemployment benefits liability and related ratios, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Brooks Watson & Co." in a cursive, flowing script.

BrooksWatson & Co., PLLC  
Certified Public Accountants  
Houston, Texas  
March 19, 2021

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***MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION  
AND ANALYSIS***

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# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

### December 31, 2020

As management of the City of Piney Point Village, Texas (the "City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The City's total combined net position is \$32,689,237 at December 31, 2020. Of this, \$4,655,996 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$4,591,616, a decrease of \$2,047,389.
- As of the end of the year, the unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$4,329,064 or 48% of total general fund expenditures.
- The City had an overall increase in net position of \$630,980. The majority of the City's net position is invested in capital assets and restricted for specific purposes.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

The discussion and analysis provided here are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) the notes to financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. Other non-financial factors, such as the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's infrastructure, need to be considered in order to assess the overall health of the City.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses

# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, *Continued*

December 31, 2020

are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, culture and recreation, and community development.

### FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Funds may be considered as operating companies of the parent corporation, which is the City of Piney Point Village. They are usually segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal reporting requirements. The only category of City funds is governmental.

#### Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as *on balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City of Piney Point Village, Texas maintains four individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. Funds consist of major funds general fund and debt service fund as well as nonmajor funds capital projects fund and special revenue fund.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and debt service fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided to demonstrate compliance with the general fund budget.

**City of Piney Point Village, Texas**  
**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, *Continued***  
**December 31, 2020**

**Notes to Financial Statements**

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes are the last section of the basic financial statements.

**Other Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements, MD&A, and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain Required Supplementary Information (RSI). The RSI that GASB Statement No. 34 requires includes a budgetary comparison schedule for the general fund and schedule of funding progress for Texas Municipal Retirement System. The RSI can be found after the basic financial statements.

**GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

As noted previously, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. For the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$32,689,237 as of December 31, 2020, in the primary government.

The largest portion of the City's net position, \$27,752,537, reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., land, infrastructure, and streets), less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

**City of Piney Point Village, Texas**  
**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued**  
**December 31, 2020**

**Statement of Net Position:**

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position:

|                           | <b>Governmental Activities</b> |                      |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|
|                           | <b>2020</b>                    | <b>2019</b>          |
| Current and               |                                |                      |
| other assets              | \$ 12,303,271                  | \$ 14,831,403        |
| Long-term assets          | 33,648,227                     | 32,450,388           |
| <b>Total Assets</b>       | <b>45,951,498</b>              | <b>47,281,791</b>    |
| <b>Deferred Outflows</b>  |                                |                      |
| <b>of Resources</b>       | <b>47,069</b>                  | <b>70,191</b>        |
| Other liabilities         | 1,890,487                      | 2,321,070            |
| Long-term liabilities     | 4,409,821                      | 5,879,019            |
| <b>Total Liabilities</b>  | <b>6,300,308</b>               | <b>8,200,089</b>     |
| <b>Deferred Inflows</b>   |                                |                      |
| <b>of Resources</b>       | <b>7,009,022</b>               | <b>7,093,636</b>     |
| Net Position:             |                                |                      |
| Net investment in         |                                |                      |
| capital assets            | 27,752,537                     | 24,826,846           |
| Restricted                | 280,704                        | 330,080              |
| Unrestricted              | 4,655,996                      | 6,901,331            |
| <b>Total Net Position</b> | <b>\$ 32,689,237</b>           | <b>\$ 32,058,257</b> |

**City of Piney Point Village, Texas**  
**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued**  
**December 31, 2020**

**Statement of Activities:**

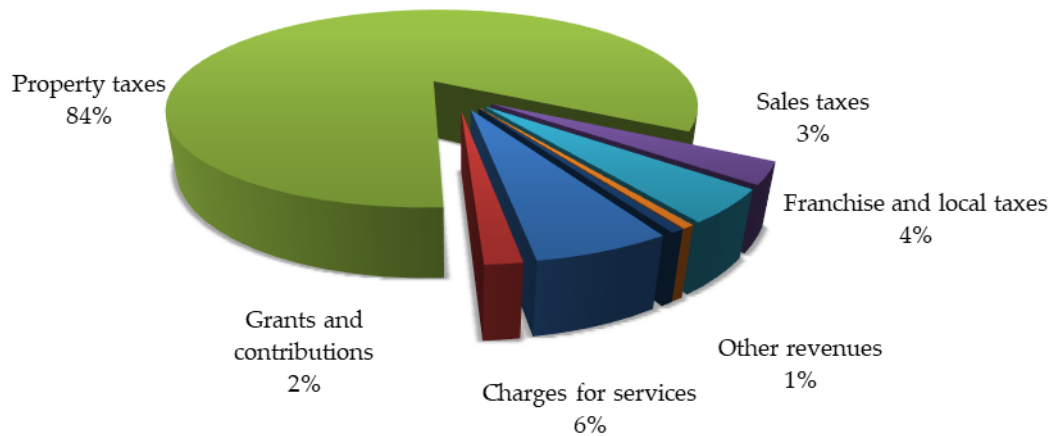
The following table provides a summary of the City's changes in net position:

|                               | <b>Governmental Activities</b> |                      |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|
|                               | <b>2020</b>                    | <b>2019</b>          |
| <b>Revenues</b>               |                                |                      |
| Program revenues:             |                                |                      |
| Charges for services          | \$ 500,737                     | \$ 593,497           |
| Grants and contributions      | 136,398                        | 213,358              |
| General revenues:             |                                |                      |
| Property taxes                | 7,123,898                      | 6,802,062            |
| Sales taxes                   | 261,210                        | 228,761              |
| Franchise and local taxes     | 383,715                        | 390,942              |
| Investment income             | 47,002                         | 198,019              |
| Other revenues                | 51,655                         | 163,630              |
| <b>Total Revenues</b>         | <b>8,504,615</b>               | <b>8,590,269</b>     |
| <b>Expenses</b>               |                                |                      |
| General government            | 1,337,506                      | 1,286,387            |
| Public safety                 | 4,146,949                      | 4,383,780            |
| Municipal court               | 45,506                         | 93,483               |
| Public works                  | 2,240,342                      | 1,760,908            |
| Interest and fiscal charges   | 103,332                        | 145,348              |
| <b>Total Expenses</b>         | <b>7,873,635</b>               | <b>7,669,906</b>     |
| <b>Change in Net Position</b> | <b>630,980</b>                 | <b>920,363</b>       |
| Beginning Net Position        | 32,058,257                     | 31,137,894           |
| <b>Ending Net Position</b>    | <b>\$ 32,689,237</b>           | <b>\$ 32,058,257</b> |

**City of Piney Point Village, Texas**  
**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued**  
**December 31, 2020**

Graphic presentations of selected data from the summary tables are displayed below to assist in the analysis of the City's activities.

**Governmental Activities - Revenues**

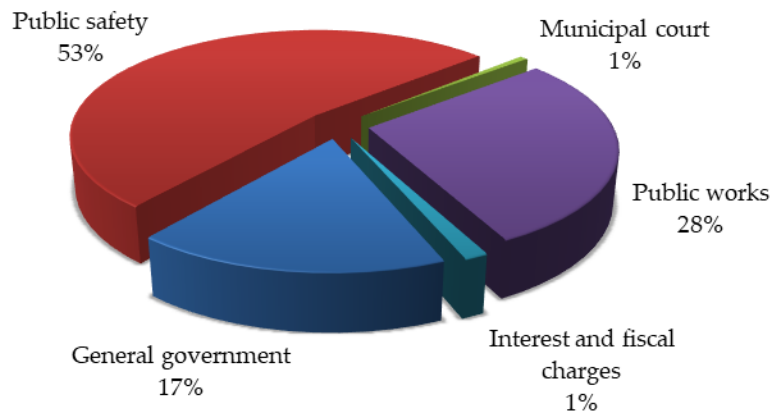


For the year ended December 31, 2020, revenues from governmental activities totaled \$8,504,615. Property tax is the City's largest revenue source at \$7,123,898, an increase of \$321,836 or 5% due to an increase in assessed property value. Charges for services decreased \$92,760 or 16%, which is primarily a result of the reduction in court activity caused by the COVID-19 pandemic. Grants and contributions decreased \$76,960 or 56% due to some nonrecurring contributions received in the previous year. Sales taxes increased \$32,449 or 14% due to added online sales. In addition, investment income decreased \$151,017 or 76% primarily due to lower interest rates caused by changing market conditions. Other revenues decreased by \$111,975 primarily due to nonrecurring reimbursements received in the previous year for the cost of repairs made to a privately owned street, as well as nonrecurring settlement recoveries. All other revenues remained relatively stable when compared to the previous year.

**City of Piney Point Village, Texas**  
**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued**  
**December 31, 2020**

This graph shows the governmental function expenses of the City:

**Governmental Activities - Expenses**



For the year ended December 31, 2020, expenses for governmental activities totaled \$7,873,635. This represents an increase of \$203,729 or 3% from the prior year. The City's largest functional expense is public safety of \$4,146,949, which decreased by \$236,831 or 5% from the previous year. The decrease is primarily due to the nonrecurring costs of the Village Fire Department development costs in the previous year. General government expenses increased \$51,119 or 4% due primarily to the added costs of noncapital information and technology expenses during the year. Municipal court expenses decreased \$47,977 due to a reduction in personnel costs, as well as the nonrecurring utilization of available municipal court child safety funds in the previous year. Public works expenses increased by \$479,434 or 27% primarily due to higher repairs and maintenance costs in the current year. Interest and fiscal charges decreased \$42,016 or 29%, which is consistent with debt service schedules for long-term debt. All other expenses remained relatively stable when compared to the previous year.

**FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS**

As noted earlier, fund accounting is used to demonstrate and ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds - The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information of near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

As of the end of the year the general fund reflected a total unassigned fund balance of \$4,329,064. The general fund decreased by \$1,934,869 primarily due to the utilization of available funds for planned capital expenditures.

The debt service fund reflected a total balance of \$170,531, a decrease of \$2,552. The change was due to the City utilizing available funds to service the debt.

**City of Piney Point Village, Texas**  
**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, *Continued***  
**December 31, 2020**

The capital projects fund had a decrease of \$113,664, eliminating the remainder of the fund balance. The change is due to the utilization of funds for capital projects throughout the year.

There was a decrease in governmental fund balance of \$2,047,389 from the prior year. The change is primarily attributable to the utilization of funds on hand for capital expenditures. The total of all governmental funds reflected a total fund balance of \$4,591,616. Of this, \$92,021 is restricted for municipal court and \$170,531 is restricted for debt service.

**GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

There was a total positive budget variance of \$66,875 in the general fund. This is a combination of a negative revenue variances of \$187,375 and a positive expenditure variances of \$158,641. In addition, there were unbudgeted transfers in of \$95,609. Expenditures exceeded appropriations for general government by \$18,979, public safety by \$83,113, municipal court by \$14,987, and public works by \$186,346.

**CAPITAL ASSETS**

As of the end of the year, the City's governmental activities funds had invested \$33,645,953 in a variety of capital assets and infrastructure, net of accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is included with the governmental capital assets as required by GASB Statement No. 34.

Major capital asset events during the current year include the additions of construction in progress over road and drainage construction totaling \$2,175,492. More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in note IV. C to the financial statements.

**LONG-TERM DEBT**

At the end of the current year, the City had total bonds outstanding of \$5,440,000. During the year, the City experienced a net decrease in the long-term debt of \$1,320,000. More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in note IV. D. to the financial statements.

**ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET**

While the City is an entirely residential community, it has continued to maintain new growth as an attractive destination for Houston-based families. The City's appraised values continue to grow and this has allowed the City to retain its 2020 tax rate for 2021.

The City adopted a budget similar to last year's budget for 2021, retaining the same tax rate with no increases. Since the City's largest revenue source is property taxes, it is important to note that the City's collection rate is near 100%. The City's 2021 budget will continue to provide necessary services. Long-



**City of Piney Point Village, Texas**  
***MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued***  
**December 31, 2020**

term funds, including new debt funds that will be used to continue improving drainage and maintaining streets while holding tax rates level.

**CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to the City Administrator, City of Piney Point Village, 7676 Woodway, Suite 300, Houston, Texas 77063.

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## ***FINANCIAL STATEMENTS***

# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Page 1 of 2)

December 31, 2020

|  | <b>Primary<br/>Government<br/>Governmental<br/>Activities</b> |
|--|---|
| <b><u>Assets</u></b>                             |   |
| Current assets:                                  |   |
| Cash and cash equivalents                        | \$ 7,753,666  |
| Receivables, net                                 | 4,549,605   |
| <b>Total Current Assets</b>                      | <b>12,303,271</b>   |
| <br>Net pension asset                            | <br>2,274   |
| Capital assets:                                  |   |
| Non-depreciable                                  | 2,505,278   |
| Net depreciable capital assets                   | 31,140,675  |
| <b>Total Noncurrent Assets</b>                   | <b>33,648,227</b>   |
| <b>Total Assets</b>                              | <b>45,951,498</b>   |
| <br><b><u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u></b> |   |
| Deferred charge on refunding                     | 3,897   |
| Pension contributions                            | 36,826  |
| Pension changes in assumptions                   | 3,825   |
| OPEB contributions                               | 213   |
| OPEB changes in assumptions                      | 2,308   |
| <b>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>      | <b>\$ 47,069</b>  |

# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Page 2 of 2)

December 31, 2020

### Liabilities

#### Current liabilities:

|   |            |
|---|------------|
| Accounts payable and<br>accrued liabilities | \$ 299,094 |
| Customer deposits                           | 149,485    |
| Accrued interest payable                    | 61,257     |
| Compensated absences due within one year    | 15,651     |
| Long-term debt due within one year          | 1,365,000  |

|                                  |                  |
|----------------------------------|------------------|
| <b>Total Current Liabilities</b> | <b>1,890,487</b> |
|----------------------------------|------------------|

#### Noncurrent liabilities:

|  |           |
|--|-----------|
| Compensated absences due in more than one year | 1,739     |
| Long-term debt due in more than one year       | 4,378,131 |
| OPEB liability                                 | 29,951    |

|                                     |                  |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|
| <b>Total Noncurrent Liabilities</b> | <b>4,409,821</b> |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|

|                          |                  |
|--------------------------|------------------|
| <b>Total Liabilities</b> | <b>6,300,308</b> |
|--------------------------|------------------|

### Deferred Inflows of Resources

|                                      |           |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|
| Pension difference in experience     | 3,517     |
| Pension difference in earnings       | 21,256    |
| OPEB difference in experience        | 1,830     |
| Unavailable revenue - property taxes | 6,982,419 |

|  |                  |
|--|------------------|
| <b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b> | <b>7,009,022</b> |
|--|------------------|

### Net Position

|                                  |            |
|----------------------------------|------------|
| Net investment in capital assets | 27,752,537 |
| Restricted                       | 280,704    |
| Unrestricted                     | 4,655,996  |

|                           |                      |
|---------------------------|----------------------|
| <b>Total Net Position</b> | <b>\$ 32,689,237</b> |
|---------------------------|----------------------|

See Notes to Financial Statements.

# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

| Functions/Programs                   | Expenses         | Program Revenues     |                                    |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|----------------------|------------------------------------|
|                                      |                  | Charges for Services | Operating Grants and Contributions |
| <b>Primary Government</b>            |                  |                      |                                    |
| <b>Governmental Activities</b>       |                  |                      |                                    |
| General government                   | \$ 1,337,506     | \$ -                 | \$ -                               |
| Public safety                        | 4,146,949        | -                    | -                                  |
| Municipal court                      | 45,506           | 95,168               | -                                  |
| Public works                         | 2,240,342        | 405,569              | 136,398                            |
| Interest and fiscal charges          | 103,332          | -                    | -                                  |
| <b>Total Governmental Activities</b> | <b>7,873,635</b> | <b>500,737</b>       | <b>136,398</b>                     |

### General Revenues:

Taxes

Property taxes

Sales taxes

Franchise and local taxes

Investment income

Other revenues

### Total General Revenues

### Change in Net Position

Beginning Net Position

Ending Net Position

See Notes to Financial Statements.

**Net (Expense)**  
**Revenue and**  
**Changes in**  
**Net Position**  


---

**Primary**  
**Government**  


---

**Governmental**  
**Activities**  


---

\$ (1,337,506)  
 (4,146,949)  
 49,662  
 (1,698,375)  
 (103,332)  


---

 (7,236,500)  


---

7,123,898  
 261,210  
 383,715  
 47,002  
 51,655  


---

 7,867,480  


---

 630,980  
 32,058,257  


---

 \$ 32,689,237  


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# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2020

|  | General              | Debt<br>Service     | Nonmajor<br>Capital<br>Projects | Nonmajor<br>Special<br>Revenue |
|--|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b><u>Assets</u></b>   |                      |                     |                                 |                                |
| Cash and cash equivalents  | \$ 4,508,592         | \$ 2,511,773        | \$ 1,350                        | \$ 92,021                      |
| Cash with fiscal agent   | 517,074              | 122,856             | -                               | -                              |
| Receivables, net   | 3,689,741            | 859,864             | -                               | -                              |
| Due from other funds   | 1,934,954            | -                   | -                               | -                              |
| <b>Total Assets</b>  | <b>\$ 10,650,361</b> | <b>\$ 3,494,493</b> | <b>\$ 1,350</b>                 | <b>\$ 92,021</b>               |
| <b><u>Liabilities</u></b>  |                      |                     |                                 |                                |
| Accounts payable and<br>accrued liabilities                                    | \$ 297,744           | \$ -                | \$ 1,350                        | \$ -                           |
| Customer deposits  | 149,485              | -                   | -                               | -                              |
| Due to other funds   | -                    | 1,934,954           | -                               | -                              |
| <b>Total Liabilities</b>   | <b>447,229</b>       | <b>1,934,954</b>    | <b>1,350</b>                    | <b>-</b>                       |
| <b><u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u></b>                                    |                      |                     |                                 |                                |
| Unavailable revenue - franchise taxes  | 20,451               | -                   | -                               | -                              |
| Unavailable revenue - property taxes   | 5,853,617            | 1,389,008           | -                               | -                              |
| <b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>                                     | <b>5,874,068</b>     | <b>1,389,008</b>    | <b>-</b>                        | <b>-</b>                       |
| <b><u>Fund Balances</u></b>  |                      |                     |                                 |                                |
| Restricted:  |                      |                     |                                 |                                |
| Municipal court  | -                    | -                   | -                               | 92,021                         |
| Debt service   | -                    | 170,531             | -                               | -                              |
| Unassigned:  | 4,329,064            | -                   | -                               | -                              |
| <b>Total Fund Balances</b>   | <b>4,329,064</b>     | <b>170,531</b>      | <b>-</b>                        | <b>92,021</b>                  |
| <b>Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of<br/>Resources, and Fund Balances</b> | <b>\$ 10,629,910</b> | <b>\$ 3,494,493</b> | <b>\$ 1,350</b>                 | <b>\$ 92,021</b>               |

See Notes to Financial Statements.



**Total  
Governmental  
Funds**

---

|    |            |
|----|------------|
| \$ | 7,113,736  |
|    | 639,930    |
|    | 4,549,605  |
|    | 1,934,954  |
| \$ | 14,238,225 |

---



---

|    |           |
|----|-----------|
| \$ | 299,094   |
|    | 149,485   |
|    | 1,934,954 |
|    | 2,383,533 |

---

|  |           |
|--|-----------|
|  | 20,451    |
|  | 7,242,625 |
|  | 7,263,076 |

---

|    |            |
|----|------------|
|    | 92,021     |
|    | 170,531    |
|    | 4,329,064  |
|    | 4,591,616  |
| \$ | 14,217,774 |

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# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2020

|   |                     |
|---|---------------------|
| <b>Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds</b> | <b>\$ 4,591,616</b> |
|---|---------------------|

### Adjustments for the Statement of Net Position:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, not reported in the governmental funds.

|                                  |            |
|----------------------------------|------------|
| Capital assets - non-depreciable | 2,505,278  |
| Capital assets - net depreciable | 31,140,675 |

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds.

|                           |         |
|---------------------------|---------|
| Property tax receivables  | 260,206 |
| Franchise tax receivables | 20,451  |

Deferred outflows of resources, represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and is not recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then.

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Deferred charge on refunding     | 3,897    |
| Pension contributions            | 36,826   |
| Pension difference in earnings   | (21,256) |
| Pension change in assumptions    | 3,825    |
| Pension difference in experience | (3,517)  |
| OPEB contributions               | 213      |
| OPEB difference in experience    | (1,830)  |
| OPEB change in assumptions       | 2,308    |

Some liabilities, including bonds payable and deferred charges, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds.

|                       |             |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Accrued interest      | (61,257)    |
| Compensated absences  | (17,390)    |
| Bond premium          | (303,131)   |
| Long-term debt        | (5,440,000) |
| Net pension liability | 2,274       |
| OPEB liability        | (29,951)    |

|  |                      |
|--|----------------------|
| <b>Net Position of Governmental Activities</b> | <b>\$ 32,689,237</b> |
|--|----------------------|

See Notes to Financial Statements.

# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

|  | General             | Debt<br>Service   | Nonmajor<br>Capital<br>Projects | Nonmajor<br>Special<br>Revenue |
|--|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b><u>Revenues</u></b>                       |                     |                   |                                 |                                |
| Property tax                                 | \$ 5,575,705        | \$ 1,486,488      | \$ -                            | \$ -                           |
| Sales tax                                    | 261,210             | -                 | -                               | -                              |
| Franchise and local taxes                    | 363,264             | -                 | -                               | -                              |
| License and permits                          | 405,569             | -                 | -                               | -                              |
| Intergovernmental                            | 136,398             | -                 | -                               | -                              |
| Fines and forfeitures                        | 89,507              | -                 | -                               | 5,661                          |
| Investment income                            | 34,363              | 12,585            | 50                              | 4                              |
| Other revenue                                | 51,655              | -                 | -                               | -                              |
| <b>Total Revenues</b>                        | <b>6,917,671</b>    | <b>1,499,073</b>  | <b>50</b>                       | <b>5,665</b>                   |
| <b><u>Expenditures</u></b>                   |                     |                   |                                 |                                |
| Current:                                     |                     |                   |                                 |                                |
| General government                           | 1,339,861           | -                 | -                               | -                              |
| Public safety                                | 4,146,949           | -                 | -                               | -                              |
| Municipal court                              | 43,537              | -                 | -                               | 1,969                          |
| Public works                                 | 576,146             | -                 | -                               | -                              |
| Capital outlay                               | 2,841,656           | -                 | 18,105                          | -                              |
| Debt Service:                                |                     |                   |                                 |                                |
| Principal                                    | -                   | 1,320,000         | -                               | -                              |
| Interest and fiscal charges                  | -                   | 181,625           | -                               | -                              |
| <b>Total Expenditures</b>                    | <b>8,948,149</b>    | <b>1,501,625</b>  | <b>18,105</b>                   | <b>1,969</b>                   |
| <b>Excess of Revenues Over (Under)</b>       |                     |                   |                                 |                                |
| <b>Expenditures</b>                          | <b>(2,030,478)</b>  | <b>(2,552)</b>    | <b>(18,055)</b>                 | <b>3,696</b>                   |
| <b><u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u></b> |                     |                   |                                 |                                |
| Transfers in                                 | 95,609              | -                 | -                               | -                              |
| Transfers (out)                              | -                   | -                 | (95,609)                        | -                              |
| <b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>  | <b>95,609</b>       | <b>-</b>          | <b>(95,609)</b>                 | <b>-</b>                       |
| <b>Net Change in Fund Balances</b>           | <b>(1,934,869)</b>  | <b>(2,552)</b>    | <b>(113,664)</b>                | <b>3,696</b>                   |
| Beginning fund balances                      | 6,263,933           | 173,083           | 113,664                         | 88,325                         |
| <b>Ending Fund Balances</b>                  | <b>\$ 4,329,064</b> | <b>\$ 170,531</b> | <b>\$ -</b>                     | <b>\$ 92,021</b>               |

See Notes to Financial Statements.

**Total  
Governmental  
Funds**

---

|    |                       |
|----|-----------------------|
| \$ | 7,062,193             |
|    | 261,210               |
|    | 363,264               |
|    | 405,569               |
|    | 136,398               |
|    | 95,168                |
|    | 47,002                |
|    | 51,655                |
|    | <hr/> 8,422,459 <hr/> |

|           |
|-----------|
| 1,339,861 |
| 4,146,949 |
| 45,506    |
| 576,146   |
| 2,859,761 |

|                        |
|------------------------|
| 1,320,000              |
| 181,625                |
| <hr/> 10,469,848 <hr/> |

(2,047,389)

|                      |
|----------------------|
| 95,609               |
| <hr/> (95,609) <hr/> |

-

---

(2,047,389)

|           |
|-----------|
| 6,639,005 |
|-----------|

|    |           |
|----|-----------|
| \$ | 4,591,616 |
|----|-----------|

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**City of Piney Point Village, Texas**  
**RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,**  
**AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE**  
**STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES**  
**For the Year Ended December 31, 2020**

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

|   |                |
|---|----------------|
| Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds | \$ (2,047,389) |
|---|----------------|

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

|                      |           |
|----------------------|-----------|
| Capital outlay       | 2,175,492 |
| Depreciation expense | (979,927) |

|  |        |
|--|--------|
| Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. | 82,156 |
|--|--------|

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

|                      |        |
|----------------------|--------|
| Compensated absences | 898    |
| Accrued interest     | 15,007 |

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases, certificates of obligation) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when they are first issued; whereas, these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

|   |           |
|---|-----------|
| Amortization of deferred charges on refunding | (3,901)   |
| Amortization of premium                       | 67,187    |
| Principal payments                            | 1,320,000 |
| Pension expense                               | 4,478     |
| OPEB expense                                  | (3,021)   |

|  |                   |
|--|-------------------|
| <b>Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities</b> | <b>\$ 630,980</b> |
|--|-------------------|

See Notes to Financial Statements.

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# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Description of Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

#### B. Reporting Entity

The City of Piney Point Village, Texas (the "City") was organized in 1954 to provide municipal services such as police; fire; code enforcement; public works; street repair and maintenance; and general administrative services.

The City is an independent political subdivision of the State of Texas governed by an elected five member council and a mayor and is considered a primary government. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these basic financial statements have been prepared based on considerations regarding the potential for inclusion of other entities, organizations, or functions as part of the City's financial reporting entity. No other entities have been included in the City's reporting entity. Additionally, as the City is considered a primary government for financial reporting purposes, its activities are not considered a part of any other governmental or other type of reporting entity.

Considerations regarding the potential for inclusion of other entities, organizations or functions in the City's financial reporting entity are based on criteria prescribed by generally accepted accounting principles. These same criteria are evaluated in considering whether the City is a part of any other governmental or other type of reporting entity. The overriding elements associated with prescribed criteria considered in determining that the City's financial reporting entity status is that of a primary government are that it has a separately elected governing body; it is legally separate; and is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. Additionally prescribed criteria under generally accepted accounting principles include considerations pertaining to organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and considerations pertaining to organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, *Continued*

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

### Joint Venture

Joint Ventures are legal entities or other organizations that result from a contractual arrangement that are owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate and specific activity subject to joint control. The participants retain either an ongoing financial interest or an ongoing financial responsibility. The City's two joint ventures are described as follows:

#### Village Fire Department

Village Fire Department ("VFD") was created in 1978 as part of an agreement between multiple contracting cities joined into an interlocal cooperation agreement to establish a common municipal fire department, chartered as the Village Fire Department. The City has no significant influence over VFD's administration or operation.

#### Memorial Villages Police Department

The Memorial Villages Police Department ("MVPD") was created in 1977 as part of an agreement between multiple contracting cities joined into an interlocal cooperation agreement to furnish all police services and law enforcement activities to the participating cities. The City has no significant influence over MVPD's administration or operation.

### C. Basis of Presentation Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds. Separate statements for each fund category, governmental are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, *Continued*

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

The government reports the following governmental funds:

### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions are typically financed.

#### **General Fund**

The general fund is used to account for all financial transactions not properly includable in other funds. The principal sources of revenues include local property taxes, sales and franchise taxes, licenses and permits, fines and forfeitures, and charges for services. Expenditures include general government, municipal court, public safety, public works, and code enforcement. The general service fund is considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

#### **Debt Service Fund**

The debt service fund is used to account for the payment of interest and principal on all general obligation bonds and other long-term debt of governmental funds. The primary source of revenue for debt service is local property taxes. The debt service fund is considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

#### **Capital Projects Funds**

The capital project funds are used to account for the expenditures of resources accumulated from general obligation bonds, tax notes, related interest earnings, and other sources for capital improvement projects.

#### **Special Revenue Fund**

The special revenue fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts and major capital projects) that are legally restricted, committed, or assigned for specified activities. The special revenue fund is a nonmajor fund for reporting purposes.

During the course of operations the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column.

# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, *Continued*

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

### **D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting**

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been

# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, *Continued*

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

### **E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance**

#### **1. Deposits and Investments**

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the proprietary fund types consider temporary investments with maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools*, the City reports all investments at fair value, except for "money market investments" and "2a7-like pools." Money market investments, which are short-term highly liquid debt instruments that may include U.S. Treasury and agency obligations, are reported at amortized costs. Investment positions in external investment pools that are operated in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940, such as TexPool, are reported using the pools' share price.

The City has adopted a written investment policy regarding the investment of its funds as defined in the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, of the Texas Governmental Code. In summary, the City is authorized to invest in the following:

- Direct obligations of the U.S. Government
- Fully collateralized certificates of deposit and money market accounts
- Statewide investment pools

#### **2. Fair Value Measurement**

The City has applied Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. GASB Statement No. 72 provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for reporting purposes and applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements.

#### **3. Receivables and Interfund Transactions**

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the year are referred to as either "interfund receivables/payables" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-

# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, *Continued*

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds" in the fund financial statements. If the transactions are between the primary government and its component unit, these receivables and payables are classified as "due to/from component unit/primary government."

Advances between funds are offset by a fund balance reserve account in the applicable governmental fund to indicate they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade receivables are shown net of any allowance for uncollectible amounts.

### **4. Property Taxes**

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. Penalties are calculated after February 1 up to the date collected by the government at the rate of 6% for the first month and increased 1% per month up to a total of 12%. Interest is calculated after February 1 at the rate of 1% per month up to the date collected by the government. Under state law, property taxes levied on real property constitute a lien on the real property which cannot be forgiven without specific approval of the State Legislature. The lien expires at the end of twenty years. Taxes levied on personal property can be deemed uncollectible by the City.

### **5. Inventories and Prepaid Items**

The costs of governmental fund type inventories are recorded as expenditures when the related liability is incurred (i.e., the purchase method). Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to the future accounting period (prepaid expenditures) are recognized as expenditures when utilized.

### **6. Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government, as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, *Continued*

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful years.

| <b>Asset Description</b> | <b>Estimated<br/>Useful Life</b> |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Furniture and equipment  | 5 to 10 years                    |
| Infrastructure           | 20 to 65 years                   |

### 7. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. An example is a deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from one source: property taxes. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

### 8. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

It is the government's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, *Continued*

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

### **9. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions**

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

### **10. Fund Balance Policies**

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The government itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The governing council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The governing body (council) has by resolution authorized the finance director to assign fund balance. The council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

### **11. Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deductions from TMRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the



# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, *Continued*

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### **12. Other Postemployment Benefits ("OPEB")**

The City has implemented GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. This statement applies to the individual employers (TMRS cities) in the TMRS Supplemental Death Benefits (SDB) plan, with retiree coverage. The TMRS SDBF covers both active and retiree benefits with no segregation of assets, and therefore doesn't meet the definition of a trust under GASB No. 75 (i.e., no assets are accumulated for OPEB) as such the SDBF is considered to be an unfunded OPEB plan. For purposes of reporting under GASB 75, the retiree portion of the SDBF is not considered a cost sharing plan and is instead considered a single employer, defined benefit OPEB plan. The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary, calculated based on the employee's actual earnings on which TMRS deposits are made, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death. The death benefit amount for retirees is \$7,500. GASB No. 75 requires the liability of employers and nonemployer contributing entities to employees for defined benefit OPEB (net OPEB liability) to be measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service (total OPEB liability), less the amount of the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position.

### **13. Compensated Absences**

It is the City's policy to permit regular full-time employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation up to a maximum of 20 days. Vacation amounts accumulated may be paid to employees upon termination of employment or at retirement. New employees are ineligible for vacation benefits during the first six months of employment and vacation amounts will not be paid upon separation during this period. The estimated amount of compensation for services provided that is expected to be liquidated with expendable, available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it when it becomes due. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable, available financial resources are maintained separately and represent a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

### **14. Long-Term Obligations**

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities Statement of

# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, *Continued*

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method, if material. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

The property tax rate is allocated each year between the general and debt service funds. The full amount estimated to be required for debt service on general obligation debt is provided by the tax along with the interest earned in the debt service fund.

Assets acquired under the terms of capital leases are recorded as liabilities and capitalized in the government-wide financial statements at the present value of net minimum lease payments at inception of the lease. In the year of acquisition, capital lease transactions are recorded as other financing sources and as capital outlay expenditures in the general fund. Lease payments representing both principal and interest are recorded as expenditures in the general fund upon payment with an appropriate reduction of principal recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

### 15. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position.

The governmental fund balance sheet includes reconciliation between *fund balance-total governmental funds* and *net position-governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that long-term liabilities, including bonds, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

### B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities.

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental states that, “the issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.”

### III. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles except for the capital projects funds, which appropriated on a project-length basis.

The legal level of control as defined by the City Charter is the function level. No funds can be transferred or added to a budgeted item without Council approval. Appropriations lapse at the end of the year. No supplemental budget appropriations were made during the year. For the year ended December 31, 2020, expenditures exceeded appropriations at the legal level of control within the general fund for general government by \$18,979, public safety by \$83,113, municipal court by \$14,987, public works by \$186,346, and transfers out by \$646,173.

### IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

#### A. Deposits and Investments

As of December 31, 2020, the primary government had the following investments:

| Investment Type                     | Carrying Value      | Weighted<br>Average Maturity<br>(Years) |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|---|
| External investment pools           | \$ 5,704,529        | 0.12                                    |
| Total carrying value                | <u>\$ 5,704,529</u> |   |
| Portfolio weighted average maturity |                     | 0.12                                    |

*Interest rate risk* – In accordance with its investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average of maturity not to exceed five years; structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for

# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, *Continued*

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

ongoing operations; monitoring credit ratings of portfolio position to assure compliance with rating requirements imposed by the Public Funds Investment Act; and invest operating funds primarily in short-term securities or similar government investment pools.

*Credit risk* – The City's investment policy limits investments to obligations of the United States, State of Texas, or their agencies and instrumentalities with an investment quality rating of not less than "A" or its equivalent, by a nationally recognized investment rating firm. Other obligations must be unconditionally guaranteed (either express or implied) by the full faith and credit of the United States Government or the issuing U.S. agency and investment pools with an investment quality not less than AAA or AAA-m, or equivalent, by at least one nationally recognized rating service.

*Custodial credit risk – deposits:* In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require that all deposits in financial institutions be insured or fully collateralized by U.S. government obligations or its agencies and instrumentalities or direct obligations of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities that have a market value of not less than the principal amount of the deposits. As of December 31, 2020, the market values of pledged securities and FDIC exceeded bank balances.

*Custodial credit risk – investments:* For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy requires that it will seek to safekeeping securities at financial institutions, avoiding physical possession. Further, all trades, where applicable, are executed by delivery versus payment to ensure that securities are deposited in the City's safekeeping account prior to the release of funds.

### **TexPool**

TexPool was established as a trust company with the Treasurer of the State of Texas as trustee, segregated from all other trustees, investments, and activities of the trust company. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts exercises oversight responsibility over TexPool. Oversight includes the ability to significantly influence operations, designation of management, and accountability for fiscal matters. Additionally, the State Comptroller has established an advisory board composed of both participants in TexPool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool. The advisory board members review the investment policy and management fee structure. Finally, Standard & Poor's rate TexPool "AAAm". As a requirement to maintain the rating, weekly portfolio information must be submitted to Standard & Poor's, as well as the office of the Comptroller of Public Accounts for review.

# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, *Continued*

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

TexPool operates in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. TexPool uses amortized cost rather than market value to report net position to compute share prices. Accordingly, the fair value of the position in TexPool is the same as the value of TexPool shares. There were no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals.

### Texas CLASS

Texas CLASS (Texas Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System Trust) was established in 1996, and was created as an investment pool for its Participants pursuant to Section 2256.016 of the Public Funds Investment Act, Texas Government Code. According to State Code, entities may pool any of their funds, or funds under their control, in order to preserve principal, to maintain the liquidity of the funds, and to maximize yield. The Texas CLASS Trust Agreement is an agreement of indefinite term regarding the investment, reinvestment and withdrawal of local government funds. The parties to the Trust Agreement are Texas local government entities that choose to participate in the Trust (the "Participants"), Public Trust Advisors LLC (PTA) as Program Administrator, and Wells Fargo Bank Texas, N.A. as Custodian. Texas CLASS invests only in securities allowed by the Texas Public Funds Investment Act. The pool is governed by a board of trustees, elected annually by its participants. Texas CLASS is rated 'AAAm' by Standard and Poor's Ratings Services. The City's fair value position is stated at the value of the position upon withdrawal. There were no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals.

# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

### B. Receivables

The following comprise receivable balances of the primary government at year end:

|                         | <u>General</u>      | <u>Debt Service</u> | <u>Total</u>        |
|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Property taxes          | \$ 3,644,068        | \$ 859,864          | \$ 4,503,932        |
| Sales tax               | 21,374              | -                   | 21,374              |
| Franchise & local taxes | 21,485              | -                   | 21,485              |
| Other                   | 2,814               | -                   | 2,814               |
|                         | <u>\$ 3,689,741</u> | <u>\$ 859,864</u>   | <u>\$ 4,549,605</u> |

### C. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in governmental activities capital assets for the year end was as follows:

|  | <u>Beginning<br/>Balances</u> | <u>Increases</u>           | <u>Decreases/<br/>Reclassifications</u> | <u>Ending<br/>Balances</u>  |
|--|-------------------------------|----------------------------|---|-----------------------------|
| Capital assets, not being depreciated:     |                               |                            |   |                             |
| Construction in progress                   | \$ 329,786                    | \$ 2,175,492               | \$ -                                    | \$ 2,505,278                |
| Total capital assets not being depreciated | <u>329,786</u>                | <u>2,175,492</u>           | <u>-</u>                                | <u>2,505,278</u>            |
| Capital assets, being depreciated:         |                               |                            |   |                             |
| Infrastructure                             | 39,288,827                    | -                          | -                                       | 39,288,827                  |
| Equipment                                  | 78,924                        | -                          | -                                       | 78,924                      |
| Total capital assets being depreciated     | <u>39,367,751</u>             | <u>-</u>                   | <u>-</u>                                | <u>39,367,751</u>           |
| Less accumulated depreciation              |                               |                            |   |                             |
| Infrastructure                             | 7,168,225                     | 979,927                    | -                                       | 8,148,152                   |
| Equipment                                  | 78,924                        | -                          | -                                       | 78,924                      |
| Total accumulated depreciation             | <u>7,247,149</u>              | <u>979,927</u>             | <u>-</u>                                | <u>8,227,076</u>            |
| Net capital assets being depreciated       | <u>32,120,602</u>             | <u>(979,927)</u>           | <u>-</u>                                | <u>31,140,675</u>           |
| <b>Total Capital Assets</b>                | <u><u>\$ 32,450,388</u></u>   | <u><u>\$ 1,195,565</u></u> | <u><u>\$ -</u></u>                      | <u><u>\$ 33,645,953</u></u> |

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

|   |                          |
|---|--------------------------|
| Public works  | <u>\$ 979,927</u>        |
| <b>Total Governmental Activities Depreciation Expense</b> | <u><u>\$ 979,927</u></u> |

# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

### D. Long-term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in the City's total governmental long-term liabilities for the year ended. In general, the City uses the debt service fund to liquidate governmental long-term liabilities.

|  | Beginning<br>Balance | Additions   | Reductions            | Ending<br>Balance   | Amounts<br>Due within<br>One Year |
|--|----------------------|-------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|
| <b>Governmental Activities:</b>                        |                      |             |                       |                     |                                   |
| Bonds, notes and other<br>payables:                    |                      |             |                       |                     |                                   |
| General Obligation Bonds                               | \$ 6,760,000         | \$ -        | \$ (1,320,000)        | \$ 5,440,000        | \$ 1,365,000                      |
| Premium  | 370,318              | -           | (67,187)              | 303,131             | -                                 |
| <b>Total Governmental Activities</b>                   | <u>\$ 7,130,318</u>  | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ (1,387,187)</u> | <u>\$ 5,743,131</u> | <u>\$ 1,365,000</u>               |
| <b>Long-term liabilities due in more than one year</b> |                      |             |                       | <u>\$ 4,378,131</u> |                                   |

Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities in the governmental funds. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due.

Long-term debt at year end was comprised of the following debt issues:

#### General Obligation Bonds:

\$5,450,000 General Obligation Refunding Bond, Series 2011,

due in installments through 2021, interest at 2-3% \$ 615,000

\$3,910,000 General Obligation Bond, Series 2015,

due in installments through 2025, interest at 2-2.5% 2,055,000

\$3,735,000 General Obligation Bond, Series 2017,

due in installments through 2027, interest 2-4% 2,770,000

**Total General Obligation bonds** \$ 5,440,000

Premiums \$ 303,131

**Total Deferred Amounts** \$ 303,131

**Total Debt** \$ 5,743,131

# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

The annual requirements to amortize debt issues outstanding at year ending were as follows:

| Year ending<br>December 31, | General Obligation Bonds |                   |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|
|                             | Principal                | Interest          |
| 2021                        | \$ 1,365,000             | \$ 139,525        |
| 2022                        | 765,000                  | 107,950           |
| 2023                        | 790,000                  | 84,950            |
| 2024                        | 820,000                  | 61,050            |
| 2025                        | 840,000                  | 37,325            |
| 2026                        | 425,000                  | 19,425            |
| 2027                        | 435,000                  | 6,525             |
| <b>Total</b>                | <b>\$ 5,440,000</b>      | <b>\$ 456,750</b> |

General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the City for which its full faith and credit are pledged. Repayment of general obligation bonds are from taxes levied on all taxable property located within the City. The City is not obligated in any manner for special assessment debt.

### E. Other Long-term Liabilities

The following summarizes the changes in the compensated absences balances of the primary government during the year. In general, the City uses the general fund to liquidate compensated absences.

|  | Beginning<br>Balance | Additions        | Reductions         | Ending<br>Balance | Amounts<br>Due within<br>One Year |
|--|----------------------|------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| <b>Governmental Activities:</b>                              |                      |                  |                    |                   |                                   |
| Compensated absences   | \$ 18,288            | \$ 21,299        | \$ (22,197)        | \$ 17,390         | \$ 15,651                         |
| <b>Total Governmental Activities</b>                         | <b>\$ 18,288</b>     | <b>\$ 21,299</b> | <b>\$ (22,197)</b> | <b>\$ 17,390</b>  | <b>\$ 15,651</b>                  |
| <b>Other long-term liabilities due in more than one year</b> |                      |                  |                    | <b>\$ 1,739</b>   |                                   |

### F. Deferred Charges on Refunding

Deferred charges resulting from the issuance of the series 2011 general obligation refunding bonds have been recorded as deferred outflows of resources and are being amortized to interest expense over the shorter of either the remaining term of the refunded debt or the refunding bonds. Current year balances for governmental activities totaled \$3,897. Current year amortization expense for governmental activities totaled \$3,901.



# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, *Continued*

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

### G. Customer Deposits

The City had customer deposits of \$149,485 in the general fund as of yearend. The City requires a \$25,000 refundable gas meter deposit for all new home building permits. This amount will be refunded upon completion of the project and by meeting certain criteria set by the City.

### H. Interfund Transactions

The composition of internal balances as of the year ended December 31, 2020 is as follows:

| <b>Due to:</b> | <b>Due from:</b>    |                     |
|----------------|---------------------|---------------------|
|                | Debt                |                     |
|                | Service             | <b>Total</b>        |
| General Fund   | \$ 1,934,954        | \$ 1,934,954        |
| <b>Total</b>   | <b>\$ 1,934,954</b> | <b>\$ 1,934,954</b> |

The composition of transfers for the year ended December 31, 2020 is as follows:

| <b>Transfer in:</b> | <b>Transfer out:</b> |                  |
|---------------------|----------------------|------------------|
|                     | Capital              |                  |
|                     | Projects             | <b>Total</b>     |
| General Fund        | \$ 95,609            | \$ 95,609        |
| <b>Total</b>        | <b>\$ 95,609</b>     | <b>\$ 95,609</b> |

Transfers were used to reclassify capital assets.

# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

### I. Fund Equity

The City records fund balance restrictions on the fund level to indicate that a portion of the fund balance is legally restricted for a specific future use or to indicate that a portion of the fund balance is not available for expenditures.

The following is a list of fund balances restricted/committed by the City:

|                 |   | <b>Restricted<br/>Fund Balance</b> |
|-----------------|---|------------------------------------|
| Municipal court | * | \$ 92,021                          |
| Debt service    |   | 170,531                            |
| <b>Total</b>    |   | <b>\$ 262,552</b>                  |

\*Restricted by enabling legislation.

### J. Leases

The City's operating lease obligation is for the rental of office space to house City Hall. Basic rent shall be payable monthly in advance commencing on the commencement date of August 1, 2007 and continuing throughout the term and shall be accompanied by all applicable state and local sales or use taxes. The first monthly installment of basic rent shall be payable contemporaneously with the execution of the lease; thereafter, basic rent shall be payable on the first day of each month beginning on the first day of the second full calendar month of the term. The monthly basic rent for any partial month at the beginning of the term shall equal the product of 1/365 of the annual basic rent in effect during the partial month and the number of days in the partial month from and after the commencement date. The contract expired August 1, 2017. The contract has been renewed to November 30, 2024. The City paid \$117,759 in rental expense during the year. The City's lease obligations are as follows:

| <b>Period ending:</b>               | <b>Operating Leases</b> |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| December 31, 2021                   | \$ 120,264              |
| December 31, 2022                   | 122,769                 |
| December 31, 2023                   | 125,275                 |
| December 31, 2024                   | 117,132                 |
| <b>Total Minimum Lease Payments</b> | <b>\$ 485,440</b>       |

# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, *Continued*

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

### V. OTHER INFORMATION

#### A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City participates along with over 2,800 other entities in the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Risk Pools. The Pool purchases commercial insurance at group rates for participants in the Pool. The City has no additional risk or responsibility to the Pool outside of the payment of insurance premiums. The City has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements which exceeded coverage amounts for the past three years.

#### B. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from granting agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends, including frequency and amount of payouts, and other economic and social factors.

#### C. Arbitrage

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 instituted certain arbitrage consisting of complex regulations with respect to issuance of tax-exempt bonds after August 31, 1986. Arbitrage regulations deal with the investment of tax-exempt bond proceeds at an interest yield greater than the interest yield paid to bondholders. Generally, all interest paid to bondholders can be retroactively rendered taxable if applicable rebates are not reported and paid to the Internal Revenue Service at least every five years for applicable bond issues. Accordingly, there is the risk that if such calculations are not performed correctly, a substantial liability to the City could result. The City does anticipate that it will have an arbitrage liability and performs annual calculations to estimate this potential liability. The City will also engage an arbitrage consultant to perform the calculations in accordance with Internal Revenue Service's rules and regulations if indicated.

# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, *Continued*

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

### D. Pension Plans

#### Texas Municipal Retirement System

##### 1. Plan Description

The City of Piney Point Village, Texas participates as one of 888 plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the System with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at [www.tmr.com](http://www.tmr.com).

All eligible employees of the city are required to participate in TMRS.

##### 2. Benefits Provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the city, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the city-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payments options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest.

# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, *Continued*

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS. Plan provisions for the City were as follows:

|                                       | <u>Plan Year 2018</u>  | <u>Plan Year 2017</u>  |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Employee deposit rate                 | 5%                     | 5%                     |
| Matching ratio (city to employee)     | 2 to 1                 | 2 to 1                 |
| Years required for vesting            | 5                      | 5                      |
| Service retirement eligibility        |                        |                        |
| (expressed as age / years of service) | 60/5, 0/25             | 60/5, 0/25             |
| Updated service credit                | 0% Repeating Transfers | 0% Repeating Transfers |
| Annuity increase (to retirees)        | 0% of CPI              | 0% of CPI              |

### Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2019 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

|  |                  |
|--|------------------|
| Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits | 6                |
| Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits    | 7                |
| Active employees   | <u>6</u>         |
| <b>Total</b>   | <b><u>19</u></b> |

### 3. Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, and the City matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the City. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the City of Piney Point Village, Texas were required to contribute 5% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City of Piney Point Village, Texas was 6.92% in calendar year 2019. The City's contributions to TMRS for the year ended December 31, 2020, were \$36,826, and were equal to the required contributions.

# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, *Continued*

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

### 4. Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The City's Net Pension Liability (Asset) was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability (Asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

#### **Actuarial assumptions**

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

|                           |   |
|---------------------------|---|
| Inflation                 | 2.5% per year   |
| Overall payroll growth    | 3.0% per year   |
| Investment Rate of Return | 6.75% net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation |

Salary increases are based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members are based on the PUB(10) mortality tables with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. Mortality rates for healthy retirees and beneficiaries are based on the Gender-distinct 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas mortality tables. The rates for actives, healthy retirees and beneficiaries are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the same mortality tables for healthy retirees is used with a 4-year set-forward for males and a 3-year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3.0% minimum mortality rate is applied, for males and females respectively, to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

The actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four-year period from December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018. They were adopted in 2019 and first used in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The post-retirement mortality assumption for Annuity Purchase Rates (APRs) is based on the Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011 and dated December 31, 2013. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by

# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. In determining their best estimate of a recommended investment return assumption under the various alternative asset allocation portfolios, GRS focused on the area between (1) arithmetic mean (aggressive) without an adjustment for time (conservative) and (2) the geometric mean (conservative) with an adjustment for time (aggressive). The target allocation and best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class in fiscal year 2020 are summarized in the following table:

| <u>Asset Class</u>    | <u>Target Allocation</u> | <u>Long-Term Expected<br/>Real Rate of Return<br/>(Arithmetic)</u> |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Global Equity         | 30.0%                    | 5.30%  |
| Core Fixed Income     | 10.0%                    | 1.25%  |
| Non-Core Fixed Income | 20.0%                    | 4.14%  |
| Real Return           | 10.0%                    | 3.85%  |
| Real Estate           | 10.0%                    | 4.00%  |
| Absolute Return       | 10.0%                    | 3.48%  |
| Private Equity        | <u>10.0%</u>             | 7.75%  |
| <b>Total</b>          | <b>100.0%</b>            |  |

### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

| <b>1% Decrease<br/>5.75%</b> | <b>Current Single Rate<br/>Assumption 6.75%</b> | <b>1% Increase<br/>7.75%</b> |
|------------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| <u>\$ 83,714</u>             | <u>\$ (2,274)</u>                               | <u>\$ (74,323)</u>           |

# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

### Changes in the Net Pension (Asset) Liability

|  | Total Pension<br>Liability (a) | Plan Fiduciary<br>Net Position (b) | Net Pension<br>(Asset) Liability<br>(a) – (b) |
|--|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| <b>Balance at 12/31/18</b>                                   | <b>\$ 627,496</b>              | <b>\$ 586,683</b>                  | <b>\$ 40,813</b>                              |
| Changes for the year:  |                                |                                    |   |
| Service cost   | 54,795                         | -                                  | 54,795  |
| Interest   | 43,255                         | -                                  | 43,255  |
| Difference between expected and<br>actual experience         | (3,007)                        | -                                  | (3,007)                                       |
| Changes of assumptions                                       | 8,547                          | -                                  | 8,547   |
| Contributions – employer                                     | -                              | 32,745                             | (32,745)                                      |
| Contributions – employee                                     | -                              | 23,557                             | (23,557)                                      |
| Net investment income  | -                              | 90,902                             | (90,902)                                      |
| Benefit payments, including<br>refunds of emp. contributions | (28,151)                       | (28,151)                           | -   |
| Administrative expense                                       | -                              | (513)                              | 513   |
| Other changes  | -                              | (14)                               | 14  |
| Net changes  | 75,439                         | 118,526                            | (43,087)                                      |
| <b>Balance at 12/31/19</b>                                   | <b>\$ 702,935</b>              | <b>\$ 705,209</b>                  | <b>\$ (2,274)</b>                             |

### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the internet at [www.tmr.com](http://www.tmr.com).



# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

### 5. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$32,617.

At December 31, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

|   | Deferred<br>Outflows of<br>Resources | Deferred<br>(Inflows) of<br>Resources |
|---|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Difference between projected and actual earnings            | \$ -                                 | \$ 21,256                             |
| Differences between expected and actual economic experience | -                                    | 3,517                                 |
| Change in assumptions                                       | 3,825                                | -                                     |
| Contributions subsequent to the measurement date            | 36,826                               | -                                     |
| <b>Total</b>  | <b>\$ 40,651</b>                     | <b>\$ 24,773</b>                      |

The City reported \$36,826 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year ended   |                    |
|--------------|--------------------|
| December 31: |                    |
| 2020         | \$ (5,530)         |
| 2021         | (5,830)            |
| 2022         | 672                |
| 2023         | (10,260)           |
| 2024         | -                  |
| Thereafter   | -                  |
| <b>Total</b> | <b>\$ (20,948)</b> |

# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, *Continued*

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

### 6. Other Postemployment Benefits

The City also participates in a defined benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). This is a voluntary program in which participating member cities may elect, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage for their active members, including or not including retirees. The City elected, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired employees. The City may terminate coverage under and discontinue participation in the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1.

The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death); retired employees are insured for \$7,500; this coverage is an "other postemployment benefit," or OPEB. The SDBF covers both active and retiree benefits with no segregation of assets and, therefore, doesn't meet the definition of a trust under GASB No. 75, paragraph 4b, (i.e., no assets are accumulated for OPEB). As such, the SDBF is considered to be a single-employer unfunded OPEB plan (and not a cost sharing plan) with benefit payments treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contributions for retirees.

The City contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year; the intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers.

### **Employees covered by benefit terms**

At the December 31, 2019 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

|  |    |
|--|----|
| Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits | 4  |
| Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits    | 2  |
| Active employees   | 6  |
| Total  | 12 |

# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, *Continued*

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

The City's contributions to the TMRS SDBF for the years ended 2020, 2019, and 2018 were \$201, \$111, and \$116 respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

| Plan/<br>Calendar Year | Annual<br>Required<br>Contribution<br>(Rate) | Actual<br>Contribution<br>Made<br>(Rate) | Percentage of<br>ARC<br>Contributed |
|------------------------|--|--|-------------------------------------|
| 2018                   | 0.03%  | 0.03%                                    | 100.0%                              |
| 2019                   | 0.03%  | 0.03%                                    | 100.0%                              |
| 2020                   | 0.04%  | 0.04%                                    | 100.0%                              |

### Total OPEB Liability

The City's Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions Liability (OPEB) was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the Total OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

### Actuarial assumptions:

The Total OPEB Liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

|  |   |
|--|---|
| Inflation                                | 2.5% per year   |
| Overall payroll growth                   | 3.5% to 11.5%, including inflation per year   |
| Discount rate                            | 2.75%   |
| Retirees' share of benefit-related costs | \$0   |
| Administrative expenses                  | All administrative expenses are paid through the Pension Trust and accounted for under reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 68 |

Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables with a 4-year set-forward for males and a 3-year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3% minimum mortality rate will be applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled for males and females, respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

### Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the Total OPEB Liability was 2.75%. The discount rate was based on the Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" rate as of December 31, 2019.

# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 2.75%, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.75%) than the current rate:

| 1% Decrease<br>1.75% | Current Single Rate<br>Assumption 2.75% | 1% Increase<br>3.75% |
|----------------------|---|----------------------|
| \$ 36,085            | \$ 29,951                               | \$ 25,114            |

### Changes in the Total OPEB Liability:

|  | Total OPEB<br>Liability |
|--|-------------------------|
| Balance at 12/31/18                                  | \$ 26,059               |
| Changes for the year:                                |                         |
| Service Cost   | 1,743                   |
| Interest   | 997                     |
| Change in benefit terms                              | -                       |
| Difference between expected and<br>actual experience | (2,874)                 |
| Changes of assumptions                               | 4,167                   |
| Benefit payments                                     | (141)                   |
| Net changes  | 3,892                   |
| Balance at 12/31/19                                  | \$ 29,951               |

### OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$3,892.

# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, *Continued*

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

At September 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB liability from the following sources:

|   | <b>Deferred Outflows<br/>of Resources</b> | <b>Deferred (Inflows)<br/>of Resources</b> |
|---|---|--|
| Difference between expected and actual experience | \$ -                                      | \$ 1,830                                   |
| Change in assumption                              | 2,308                                     | -  |
| Contributions subsequent to measurement date      | 213                                       | -  |
| <b>Total</b>                                      | <b>\$ 213</b>                             | <b>\$ 1,830</b>                            |

The City reported \$213 as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability for the year ending December 31, 2021.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

**Year ended December 31:**

|            |               |
|------------|---------------|
| 2020       | \$ 485        |
| 2021       | (7)           |
| 2022       | -             |
| 2023       | -             |
| 2024       | -             |
| Thereafter | -             |
|            | <b>\$ 478</b> |

# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, *Continued*

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

### E. Related Organizations and Joint Ventures

The City has entered into an interlocal agreement with the cities of Hunters Creek Village, Hedwig Village, Hilshire Village, Bunker Hill Village, and Spring Valley Village to create the Village Fire Department (VFD). The agreement automatically renews for a period of five years unless terminated by at least one of the contracting cities. Under the terms of the agreement, the City is liable for 21 percent of VFD's budget. For the year ended December 31, 2020, the City paid \$1,685,349 to the VFD.

Consolidated financial information of the VFD extracted from the audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019, on which VFD's auditors expressed an unmodified opinion, are as follows:

|                                      | <b>Net Position</b>               |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Total assets                         | \$ 5,660,641                      |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | 2,185,634                         |
| Total liabilities                    | 2,496,993                         |
| Total deferred inflows of resources  | 1,043,082                         |
| <b>Total Net Position</b>            | <b>\$ 4,306,200</b>               |
|                                      |                                   |
|                                      | <b>Change in<br/>Net Position</b> |
| Total revenues                       | \$ 9,881,052                      |
| Total expenses                       | 7,391,422                         |
| <b>Change in Net Position</b>        | <b>2,489,630</b>                  |
|                                      |                                   |
| Beginning net position               | 1,816,570                         |
| <b>Ending Net Position</b>           | <b>\$ 4,306,200</b>               |

# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

The City has also entered into an interlocal agreement with the cities of Bunker Hill Village and Hunters Creek Village to create the Memorial Village Police Department (MVPD). Under the terms of the agreement, the City is liable for 33 1/3 percent of MVPD's budget. Separate financial statements may be obtained directly from MVPD. For the year ended December 31, 2020 the City paid \$1,819,396 to the MVPD.

Consolidated financial information of the MVPD extracted from the MVPD's audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019, on which the MVPD's auditors expressed an unmodified opinion, are as follows:

|                                      | <b>Net Position</b>   |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Total assets                         | \$ 1,506,105          |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | 1,302,489             |
| Total liabilities                    | 4,194,595             |
| Total deferred inflows of resources  | 3,460                 |
| <b>Total Net Position</b>            | <b>\$ (1,389,461)</b> |
|                                      |                       |
|                                      | <b>Change in</b>      |
|                                      | <b>Net Position</b>   |
| Total revenues                       | \$ 5,216,661          |
| Total expenditures/expenses          | 5,790,371             |
| <b>Change in Net Position</b>        | <b>(573,710)</b>      |
|                                      |                       |
| Beginning net position               | (815,751)             |
| <b>Ending Net Position</b>           | <b>\$ (1,389,461)</b> |

# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, *Continued*

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

### F. Restatement

The City restated its beginning net position and beginning fund balance within governmental activities to correct accrued liabilities and change the reporting of the METRO Fund tracked within the capital projects fund. The restatement of beginning net position and fund balance is as follows:

|                                      | <b>Governmental<br/>Activities</b> | <b>General<br/>Fund</b> | <b>Capital<br/>Projects</b> | <b>METRO<br/>Project</b> |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|
| Prior year ending net position       |                                    |                         |                             |                          |
| fund balance as reported             | \$ 32,014,457                      | \$ 6,220,133            | \$ 44,992                   | \$ 68,672                |
| Correction of unprocessed invoices   | 43,800                             | 43,800                  | -                           | -                        |
| Change in reporting of metro funds   | -                                  | -                       | 68,672                      | (68,672)                 |
| Restated beginning net position/fund | <u>\$ 32,058,257</u>               | <u>\$ 6,263,933</u>     | <u>\$ 113,664</u>           | <u>\$ -</u>              |

### G. Restatement Subsequent Events

There are no material subsequent events through March 19, 2021, the date the financial statements were issued.



## ***REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION***

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**City of Piney Point Village, Texas**  
**SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES**  
**IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL**  
**GENERAL FUND**  
**For the Year Ended December 31, 2020**

|  | Original and<br>Final Budget | Actual              | Variance with<br>Final Budget<br>Positive<br>(Negative) |
|--|------------------------------|---------------------|---|
| <b><u>Revenues</u></b>                       |                              |                     |   |
| Property tax                                 | \$ 5,639,546                 | \$ 5,575,705        | \$ (63,841)   |
| Sales tax                                    | 200,000                      | 261,210             | 61,210  |
| Franchise and local taxes                    | 397,000                      | 363,264             | (33,736)  |
| License and permits                          | 366,500                      | 405,569             | 39,069  |
| Intergovernmental                            | 136,000                      | 136,398             | 398   |
| Fines and forfeitures                        | 151,500                      | 89,507              | (61,993)  |
| Investment income                            | 150,000                      | 34,363              | (115,637)   |
| Other revenue                                | 64,500                       | 51,655              | (12,845)  |
| <b>Total Revenues</b>                        | <b>7,105,046</b>             | <b>6,917,671</b>    | <b>(187,375)</b>  |
| <b><u>Expenditures</u></b>                   |                              |                     |   |
| Current:                                     |                              |                     |   |
| General government                           | 1,320,882                    | 1,339,861           | (18,979) *  |
| Public safety                                | 4,063,836                    | 4,146,949           | (83,113) *  |
| Municipal court                              | 28,550                       | 43,537              | (14,987) *  |
| Public works                                 | 389,800                      | 576,146             | (186,346) *   |
| Capital outlay                               | 3,303,722                    | 2,841,656           | 462,066   |
| <b>Total Expenditures</b>                    | <b>9,106,790</b>             | <b>8,948,149</b>    | <b>158,641</b>  |
| <b>Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures</b>    | <b>(2,001,744)</b>           | <b>(2,030,478)</b>  | <b>(28,734)</b>   |
| <b><u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u></b> |                              |                     |   |
| Transfers in                                 | -                            | 95,609              | 95,609  |
| <b>Total Other Financing (Uses)</b>          | <b>-</b>                     | <b>95,609</b>       | <b>95,609</b>   |
| <b>Net Change in Fund Balance</b>            | <b>\$ (2,001,744)</b>        | <b>(1,934,869)</b>  | <b>\$ 66,875</b>  |
| Beginning fund balance                       |                              |                     |   |
|  |                              | 6,263,933           |   |
| <b>Ending Fund Balance</b>                   |                              | <b>\$ 4,329,064</b> |   |

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

1. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

\* Expenditures exceeded appropriations at legal level of control.

# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS

Years Ended:

|   | 12/31/2020        | 12/31/2019        | 12/31/2018     | 12/31/2017        |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| Total pension liability   |                   |                   |                |                   |
| Service cost  | \$ 54,795         | \$ 58,644         | 53,851         | \$ 44,402         |
| Interest  | 43,255            | 38,860            | 34,623         | 32,502            |
| Differences between expected and actual experience                                    | (3,007)           | (6,997)           | (8,987)        | (21,689)          |
| Changes of assumptions  | 8,547             | -                 | -              | -                 |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of participant contributions                      | (28,151)          | (18,787)          | (19,429)       | (37,623)          |
| <b>Net change in total pension liability</b>  | <b>75,439</b>     | <b>71,720</b>     | <b>60,058</b>  | <b>17,592</b>     |
| <b>Total pension liability - beginning</b>  | <b>627,496</b>    | <b>555,776</b>    | <b>495,718</b> | <b>478,126</b>    |
| <b>Total pension liability - ending (a)</b>   | <b>702,935</b>    | <b>627,496</b>    | <b>555,776</b> | <b>495,718</b>    |
| <b>Plan fiduciary net position</b>  |                   |                   |                |                   |
| Contributions - employer  | \$ 32,745         | \$ 36,410         | 36,304         | \$ 25,738         |
| Contributions - members   | 23,557            | 25,497            | 23,977         | 19,238            |
| Net investment income   | 90,902            | (16,820)          | 63,354         | 28,490            |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of participant contributions                      | (28,151)          | (18,787)          | (19,429)       | (37,623)          |
| Administrative expenses   | (513)             | (325)             | (328)          | (322)             |
| Other   | (14)              | (16)              | (17)           | (17)              |
| <b>Net change in plan fiduciary net position</b>                                      | <b>118,526</b>    | <b>25,959</b>     | <b>103,861</b> | <b>35,504</b>     |
| <b>Plan fiduciary net position - beginning</b>  | <b>586,683</b>    | <b>560,724</b>    | <b>456,863</b> | <b>421,359</b>    |
| <b>Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)</b>                                       | <b>\$ 705,209</b> | <b>\$ 586,683</b> | <b>560,724</b> | <b>\$ 456,863</b> |
| <b>Fund's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)</b>                        | <b>\$ (2,274)</b> | <b>\$ 40,813</b>  | <b>(4,948)</b> | <b>\$ 38,855</b>  |
| <br><b>Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability</b> | <br>100.32%       | <br>93.50%        | <br>100.89%    | <br>92.16%        |
| <b>Covered payroll</b>  | <b>\$ 471,149</b> | <b>\$ 509,946</b> | <b>479,531</b> | <b>\$ 384,769</b> |
| <b>Fund's net position as a percentage of covered payroll</b>                         | <b>-0.48%</b>     | <b>8.00%</b>      | <b>-1.03%</b>  | <b>10.10%</b>     |

### Notes to schedule:

1) This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, only available information is shown.

| <u>12/31/2016</u> | <u>12/31/2015</u> <sup>1</sup> |
|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| \$ 44,331         | \$ 38,858                      |
| 29,095            | 25,044                         |
| 8,742             | 20,456                         |
| 13,192            | -                              |
| (21,424)          | (37,007)                       |
| <u>73,936</u>     | <u>47,351</u>                  |
| <u>404,190</u>    | <u>356,839</u>                 |
| <u>478,126</u>    | <u>404,190</u>                 |
| \$ 24,090         | \$ 17,566                      |
| 20,041            | 19,183                         |
| 588               | 21,588                         |
| (21,424)          | (37,007)                       |
| (358)             | (225)                          |
| (18)              | (19)                           |
| <u>22,919</u>     | <u>21,086</u>                  |
| <u>398,440</u>    | <u>377,354</u>                 |
| <u>\$ 421,359</u> | <u>\$ 398,440</u>              |
| <u>\$ 56,767</u>  | <u>\$ 5,750</u>                |

|            |            |
|------------|------------|
| 88.13%     | 98.58%     |
| \$ 400,824 | \$ 383,660 |
| 14.16%     | 1.50%      |

# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS TO PENSION PLAN

Years Ended:

|  | 12/31/2020 | 12/31/2019 | 12/31/2018 | 12/31/2017 |
|--|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Actuarially determined employer contributions                        | \$ 36,882  | \$ 32,778  | \$ 36,328  | \$ 36,300  |
| Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution | \$ 36,882  | \$ 32,778  | \$ 36,328  | \$ 36,300  |
| Contribution deficiency (excess)                                     | \$ -       | \$ -       | \$ -       | \$ -       |
| Annual covered payroll   | \$ 532,172 | \$ 471,149 | \$ 509,947 | \$ 479,531 |
| Employer contributions as a percentage of covered payroll            | 6.93%      | 6.96%      | 7.12%      | 7.57%      |

1) This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, only available information is shown.

### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS TO PENSION PLAN

#### Valuation Date:

Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 and become effective in January 13 months later.

#### Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

|                               |  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Actuarial Cost Method         | Entry Age Normal   |
| Amortization Method           | Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed  |
| Remaining Amortization Period | 24 years   |
| Asset Valuation Method        | 10 Year smoothed market; 15% soft corridor   |
| Inflation                     | 2.5%   |
| Salary Increases              | 3.50% to 11.50% including inflation  |
| Investment Rate of Return     | 6.75%  |
| Retirement Age                | Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's plan of benefits. Last updated for the 2019 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2014 - 2018  |
| Mortality                     | Post-retirement: 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP. Pre-retirement: PUB(10) mortality tables, with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP. |

#### Other Information:

Notes There were no benefit changes during the year.

| <u>12/31/2016</u> | <u>12/31/2015</u> | <sup>1</sup> |
|-------------------|-------------------|--------------|
| \$ 25,738         | \$ 24,090         |              |
| <u>\$ 25,738</u>  | <u>\$ 24,090</u>  |              |
| \$ -              | \$ -              |              |
| \$ 384,770        | \$ 400,823        |              |
| 6.69%             | 6.01%             |              |

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# City of Piney Point Village, Texas

## *SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM SUPPLEMENTAL DEATH BENEFITS PLAN*

**Years Ended:**

|   | <u>12/31/2019</u>       | <u>12/31/2018</u>       | <u>12/31/2017</u> <sup>1</sup>       |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Total OPEB liability  |                         |                         |                                      |
| Service cost  | \$ 1,743                | \$ 2,142                | \$ 1,774                             |
| Interest  | 997                     | 858                     | 814                                  |
| Changes in benefit terms  | -                       | -                       | -                                    |
| Differences between expected and actual experience                    | (2,874)                 | 147                     | -                                    |
| Changes of assumptions  | 4,167                   | (1,877)                 | 1,959                                |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of participant contributions      | (141)                   | (153)                   | (480)                                |
| <b>Net change in total OPEB liability</b>                             | <u>3,892</u>            | <u>1,117</u>            | <u>4,067</u>                         |
| <b>Total OPEB liability - beginning</b>                               | <u>\$ 26,059</u>        | <u>\$ 24,942</u>        | <u>\$ 20,875</u>                     |
| <b>Total OPEB liability - ending</b>                                  | <u><u>\$ 29,951</u></u> | <u><u>\$ 26,059</u></u> | <u><u>\$ 24,942</u></u> <sup>2</sup> |
| <br><b>Covered payroll</b>  | <br>\$ 471,149          | <br>\$ 509,946          | <br>\$ 479,531                       |
| <b>City's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll</b> | 6.36%                   | 5.11%                   | 5.20%                                |

### Notes to schedule:

<sup>1</sup> This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, only available information is shown.

<sup>2</sup> No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

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